

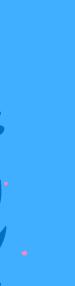
Concentration Techniques and Mindfulness

FOCUS

Sarah Myhill

Concentration is key to academic success

"Concentration is the ability to focus your attention on a single thought, idea, or action, as critical as this skill is, it is one of the most difficult to develop." Kam Knight (2019)

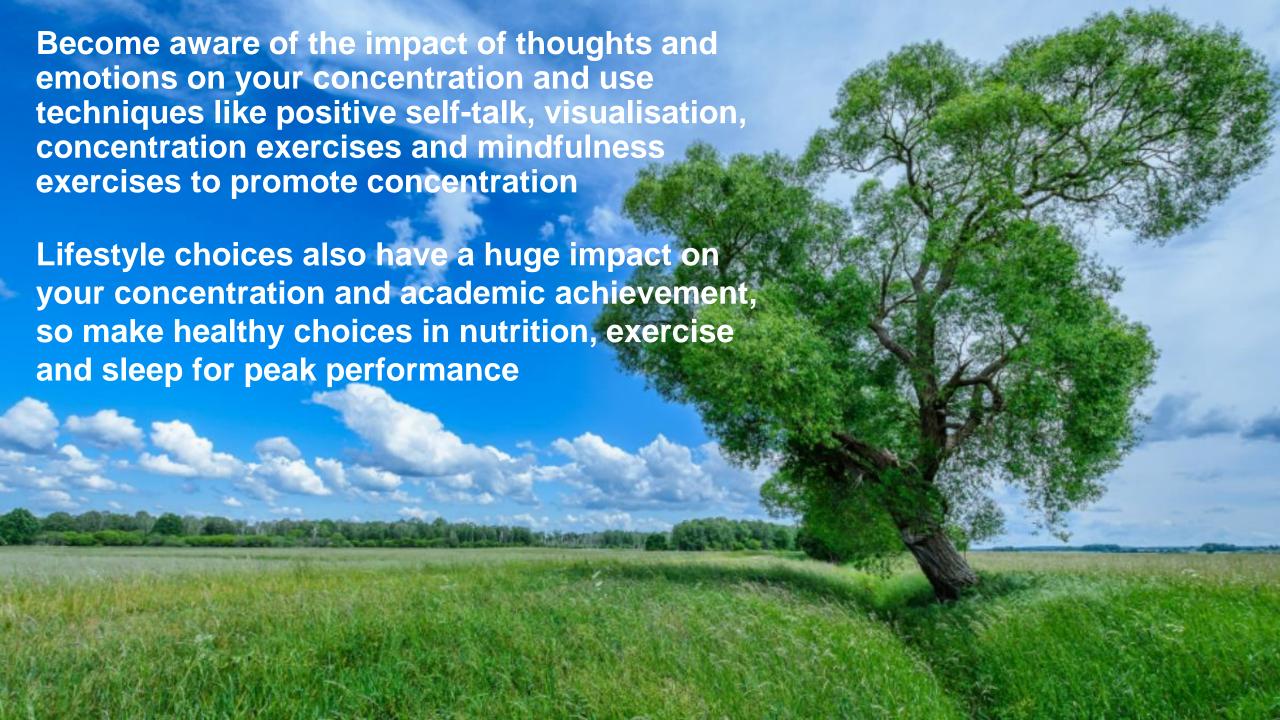


Concentration is a critical skill for a student, without it, you are not able to start, stick with, or finish a task or an assignment



The unrelenting noise of the way we live now is eroding our attention:

- technology and social media manipulating us
- economic growth living faster
- constant switching between tasks every 3 minutes
- less sleep under-slept and over-tasked
- sedentary indoor lifestyles
- lack of reading reduced empathy
- no space for mind to roam
- lack of unsupervised play for children
- bad diets processed foods
- pollution



Why can't we concentrate?

- there are so many thoughts invading our minds
- and there are so many distractions
- we have become so used to attending immediately to these distractions, such as text messages and social media posts, that we have worn down our attention spans
- we need to become aware of this and build up our concentration 'will' again







Thoughts and Emotions

Thoughts can overwhelm us and trigger emotions and more thoughts, for instance remembering an argument or a difficult meeting can stir up emotions that distract us still further

We do not acknowledge the positive aspects of life as much which leads to more negative thoughts

However, we can train our minds to recognise this trait and halt the process and direct our thoughts in a more positive direction with self-talk

Improve your focus to improve your grades

You don't need to learn to concentrate when you watch a film, video, social media post or you are talking to a friend – you are concentrating, become more aware of what you are concentrating on! Build your concentration daily. Live in the moment!

- Learning to pay attention takes conscious control
- Memory is linked to concentration improve your focus and you will improve your memory
- Multi-tasking is not good for attention or focus it spreads concentration too thinly



Mindfulness for Focus

Research has shown that students that practice mindfulness are achieving higher grades, as it can strengthen the focus area of the brain and this is improving concentration and academic performance

Documented Benefits of Mindfulness in Research

Clarity and focus
Greater resilience
Enhanced creativity
Improved relationships
Improved concentration
Rapport and communication
Improved health and
wellbeing

Greater confidence and selfesteem Reduced anxiety and depression Improved work-life balance Greater work satisfaction Memory enhancement Intuitive ability Pain reduction Happiness







Mindfulness Benefits for Students with Concentration Difficulties

one of the most effective non-pharmaceutical treatments for ADHD

Cognitive Benefits

- enhanced attention control
- better working memory
- strengthened executive function
- increased focus

Emotional Well-being

- greater emotional regulation
- reduced emotional reactivity
- enhanced self-compassion
- boost in overall happiness

Social Aspects

- elevated self-awareness
- effective conflict resolution
- better communication
- improved relationships

Behavioural Improvements

- greater self-regulation
- diminished impulsivity
- increased motivation
- enhanced productivity
- easier initiation of tasks

Mental Health and Sleep

- better sleep quality
- lowered stress levels
- effective treatment for depression and anxiety disorders (common comorbidities with ADHD)



Better Concentration increases your chances of Better Grades and **Greater Academic Success** by strengthening the Focus Area of your brain



Amygdala

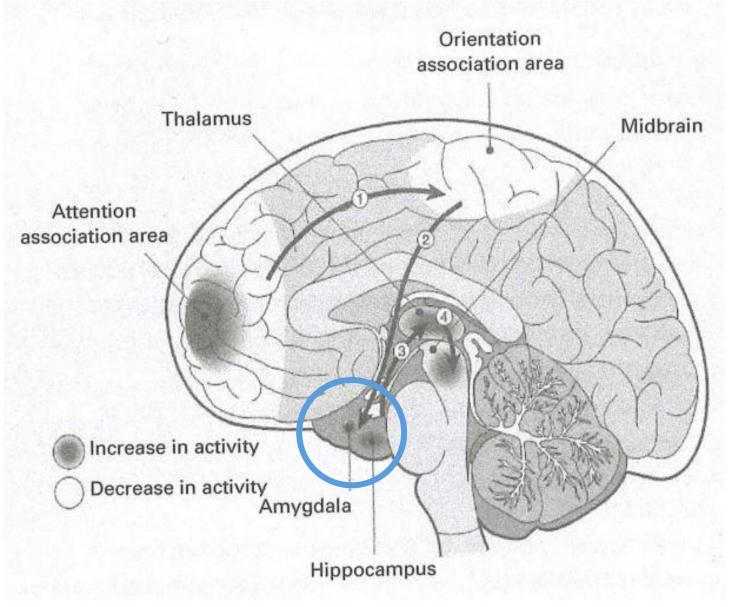
- memory
- decision making
- emotional responses

Hippocampus

spatial memory

short term memory

long term memory

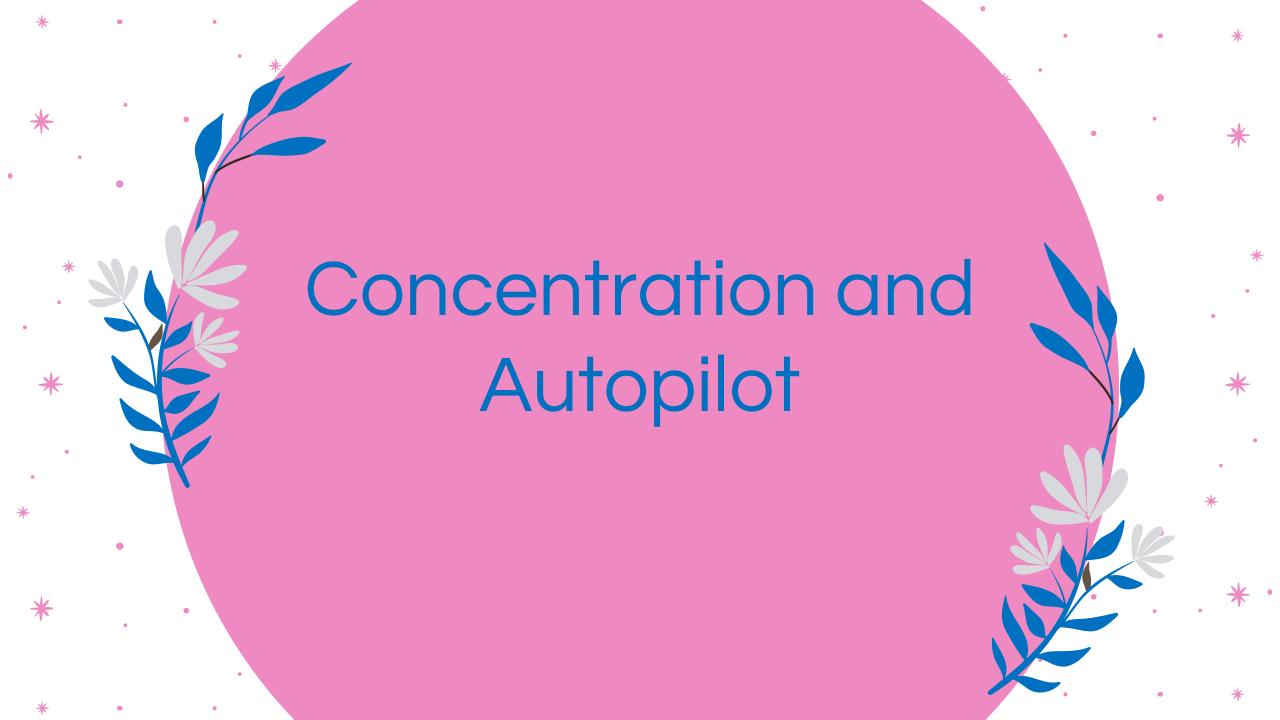


Nataraja (2008) The Blissful Brain



"Mindfulness is awareness that arises through paying attention, on purpose, in the present moment, non-judgmentally"

—Dr Jon Kabat-Zinn





Life in Autopilot

- Crane (2009) "often beyond our conscious awareness our thinking mind is engaged in judging, monitoring, and problem-solving aspects of our internal and external experiences."
- The mind is operating, habitually it decreases the ability to make conscious choices about how to respond to both internal and external experiences,
 including where to focus our attention
- https://www.mindfulnessmuse.com/mindfulness/pros-and-cons-of-being-on automatic-pilot



Meditation enhances attentional control and cognitive flexibility, making it easier to override automatic processes and respond to stimuli in a non-habitual way (Moore and Malinowski, 2009)



Sleep - Memory and Concentration

Blue light reducing glasses for an hour before bed

Reduce lighting in the environment an hour before bed

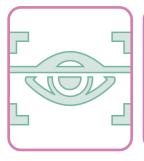
Try to keep off technology an hour before bed

Keep the room dark and cool for sleep

Sleep if possible, between 10am-6am ideally – set reminder for 9pm

Daylight on face – not through glass, either a walk or looking out of a window within an hour of waking up for about 2 min on a sunny day and up to 10 mins on an overcast*day.

A quick exercise to quiet your mind

















First, close your eyes, clear your mind, and begin to breathe deeply Inhale slowly concentrating on the air flowing into your lungs, hold your breath for a few seconds, and exhale slowly while concentrating on the air flowing out

Focus only on the movement of air in and out of your body As you do this, repeat in your thoughts or out loud, 'I AM CALM IN MIND & BODY' After a few minutes of breathing and reciting this mantra, you will begin to feel a calming and relaxing sensation wash over you

Now open your eyes and come back to the present moment Notice how the exercise slows down your thoughts and emotions enough to think better and more clearly. This is an easy and effective way to stat to improve concentration





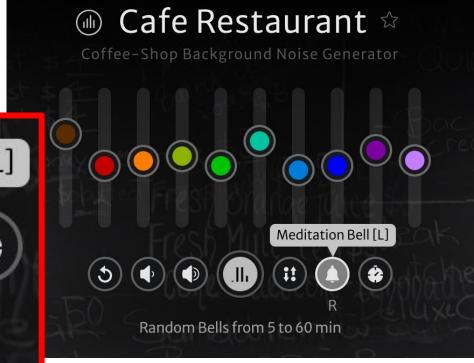
Focus · Relax · Sleep

Discover a world of immersive and customizable soundscapes that can enhance focus, relaxation, and sleep. Choose from noise generators, nature sounds and ambient music to create your perfect audio environment. Explore our vast library of interactive sound generators and find your audio haven!

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mynoise.net







Guided Meditation Apps



headspace.com



calm.com



insighttimer.com



Jon Kabat-Zinn

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Settings



Accountability Through Habit-Tracking



habitshareapp.com



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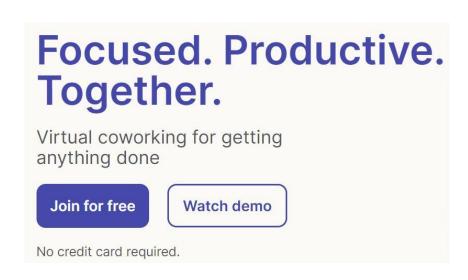
Friends

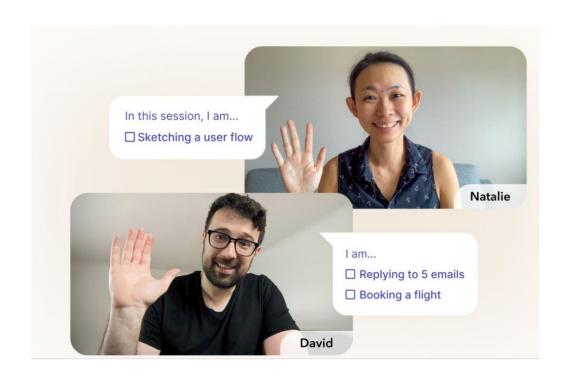
Messages



Focusmate

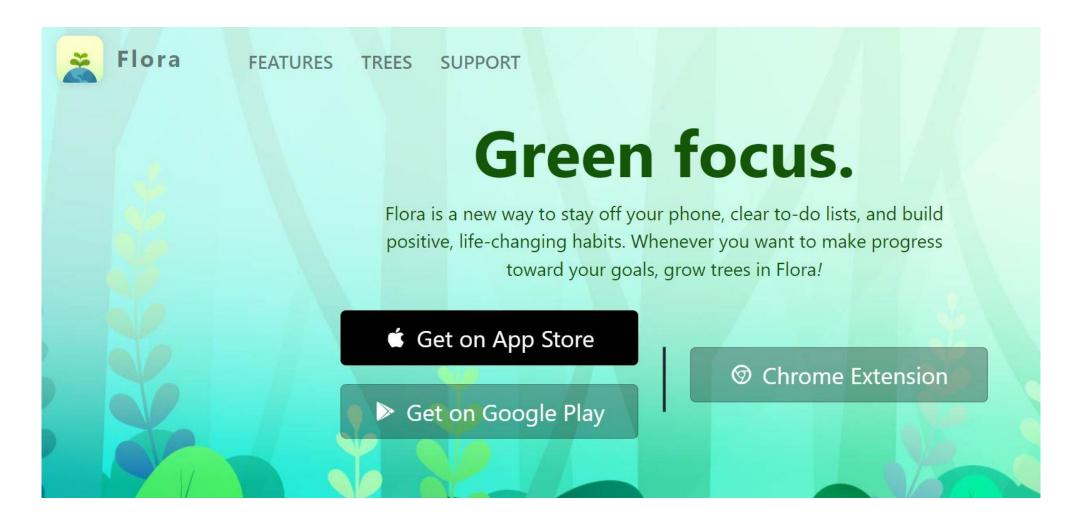
Accountability Through Virtual Co-Working





Focusmate - Virtual coworking for getting anything done





Flora - Green Focus (appfinca.com)



The **Pomodoro Technique** is a time management method developed by Francesco Cirillo in the late 1980s.^[1] It uses a kitchen timer to break work into intervals, typically 25 minutes in length, separated by short breaks. Each interval is known as a *pomodoro*, from the Italian word for tomato, after the tomato-shaped kitchen timer Cirillo used as a university student.^{[2][1]}

Apps and websites providing timers and instructions have widely popularized the technique. Closely related to concepts such as timeboxing and iterative and incremental development used in software design, the method has been adopted in pair programming contexts.^[3]

Description [edit]

The original technique has six steps:

- 1. Decide on the task to be done.
- 2. Set the Pomodoro timer (typically for 25 minutes).^[1]
- 3. Work on the task.
- 4. End work when the timer rings and take a short break (typically 5–10 minutes).^[4]
- 5. Go back to Step 2 and repeat until you complete four pomodoros.
- 6. After four pomodoros are done, take a long break (typically 20 to 30 minutes) instead of a short break. Once the long break is finished, return to step 2.



Pomodoro® Technique - Time Management Method (pomodorotechnique.com)



ADHD Solutions









Accountability through habit tracking

Clear goals and relevance

Start small and be consistent



Habit-stacking



Group classes or body doubling



Non-judgemental approach



Self-care framing



✓ Visual reminders and notifications



Relax posture for formal practice



Optimise the environment



Optimise the timing



THANKS





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